

# Engineering Science

## for Foundation Degree and Higher National

### Contents

#### Part 1 Mechanics of materials

##### 1 Fundamentals

- 1.1 Force
  - 1.2 Vector representation and combination of forces
  - 1.3 Coplanar force systems
    - Turning moments and equilibrium
    - Couples
  - 1.4 Resolution of forces for coplanar systems
  - 1.5 Simple stress and strain
    - Stress
    - Strain
    - Hooke's Law and the elastic modulus
    - Thermal stress and strain
  - 1.6 Compound bars
    - Equivalent modulus
    - Compound bars subject to temperature change
  - 1.7 Poisson's ratio and two-dimensional loading
    - Poisson's ratio in two dimensions
  - 1.8 Chapter summary
- Essential mathematics 1 – Vectors and vector operations (see website)

##### 2 Simply supported beams

- 2.1 Revision of fundamentals
  - Fundamental terminology
- 2.2 Shear force and bending moment
  - Determination of shear force and bending moment
  - Shear force and bending moment diagrams
  - Shear force and bending moment diagrams for concentrated loads
  - Shear force and bending moment diagrams for uniformly distributed loads
- 2.3 Engineers theory of bending
  - Deformation in pure bending
  - Stresses due to bending
- 2.4 Centroid and second moment of area

- Calculating centroids of area
- Second moment of area and its determination
- Parallel axes theorem
- 2.5 Beam selection
- 2.6 Slope and deflection of beams
  - Deflections by integration
  - Principle of superposition
  - Macaulay's method
  - Using the Macaulay method for uniformly distributed loads
- 2.7 Chapter summary
- 2.8 Review questions
- Essential mathematics 2 – Introduction to the calculus (see website)

### **3 Torsion and shafts**

- 3.1 Revision of fundamentals
- 3.2 Engineers theory of torsion
- 3.3 Polar second moment of area
- 3.4 Power transmitted by shaft
- 3.5 Composite shafts
- 3.6 Chapter summary
- 3.7 Review questions

### **4 Pressure vessels**

- 4.1 Thin-walled pressure vessels
  - Hoop and longitudinal stress
  - Dimensional change in thin cylinder pressure vessels
- 4.2 Thick-walled pressure vessels
  - Derivation of the Lamé equations
  - Thick cylinders subject to internal pressure
  - Longitudinal and shear stress
- 4.3 Pressure vessel applications
- 4.4 Chapter summary
- 4.5 Review questions

### **5 Concentrically loaded columns and struts**

- 5.1 Slenderness ratio, radius of gyration and effective length
  - Slenderness ratio
  - Radius of gyration
  - Effective length
- 5.2 Euler theory and the Rankine-Gordon relationship
  - Euler theory
  - The Rankine-Gordon relationship
- 5.3 Chapter summary

#### 5.4 Review questions

Essential mathematics 3 – Introduction to differential equations (see website)

### **6 Introduction to strain energy**

#### 6.1 Strain energy resulting from direct stress and pure shear stress

Strain energy from direct stress

Strain energy from shear stress

Strain energy considering the weight of the body

Strain energy due to impact/dynamic loading

#### 6.2 Strain energy in bending and torsion

Strain energy due to bending

Strain energy due to a torque

#### 6.3 Castigliano's theorem

Examples of the power of Castigliano's theorem

#### 6.4 Chapter summary

#### 6.5 Review questions

### **7 Complex stress and strain**

#### 7.1 Stresses on oblique planes

#### 7.2 Two-dimensional direct stress, shear stress and combined stress systems

Material subject to two mutually perpendicular direct stresses

Material subject to pure shear

Material subject to combined stresses

Principal stresses and maximum shear stress

#### 7.3 Mohr's stress circle

#### 7.4 Strain

Principal strains

Bulk modulus and volumetric strain

Relationship between the elastic constants and Poisson's ratio

Strain on an inclined plane and the transformation equations for strains

Mohr's strain circle

#### 7.5 Strain gauges

Strain gauge rosettes

Determining principal strain from rosettes

Determining principal strain from a rectangular rosette

Determining principal strains from a delta rosette

Graphical method for determining principal strains from a rosette

#### 7.6 Chapter summary

#### 7.7 Review questions

## Part 2 Dynamics

### 8 Fundamentals

- 8.1 Newton's laws
  - Fundamental definitions
  - Newton's laws of motion
- 8.2 Linear equations of motion
- 8.3 Angular motion
  - Torque, moment of inertia and radius of gyration
- 8.4 Friction
  - Forces on a body at rest on an inclined plane
  - Forces on a body moving up and down an inclined plane
- 8.5 Energy
  - Work done
  - Potential energy
  - Strain energy
  - Kinetic energy
  - Conservation of mechanical energy
- 8.6 Momentum
  - Impact and linear momentum
  - Rotational kinetic energy and angular momentum
- 8.7 Power
  - Power transmitted by a torque
- 8.8 Circular motion and forces of rotation
  - Centripetal acceleration and force
  - Vehicle turning and banking
- 8.9 Chapter summary
- 8.20 Review questions

### 9 Kinematics of Mechanisms

- 9.1 Velocity and acceleration diagrams
  - Introduction to velocity diagrams
  - Velocity diagrams for the four-link mechanism
  - Velocity diagram for an engine mechanism
  - Acceleration diagrams
- 9.2 Displacement, velocity and acceleration analysis of an engine slider crank mechanism
  - Displacement analysis
  - Velocity and acceleration analysis
- 9.3 Cam mechanisms
  - Cams and followers
  - Cam profiles and displacement diagrams
- 9.4 Chapter summary

## 9.5 Review questions

# **10 Power Transmission Systems**

- 10.1 Belt drives
  - Belt tension equations
  - Belt drive design requirements
- 10.2 Friction clutches
  - Disc clutches
  - Friction clutch equations
  - Cone clutches
- 10.3 Gear trains
  - Spur gears
  - Simple gear train
  - Compound gear train
  - Epicyclic gear trains
  - Torque in gear trains
- 10.4 Balancing
- 10.5 Flywheels
- 10.6 Coupled systems
  - Crank pressing machine
- 10.7 Chapter summary
- 10.8 Review questions

# **11 Oscillatory motion and vibration**

- 11.1 Simple harmonic motion
  - Analysis of SHM
- 11.2 Free vibration
  - Modelling of the motion of a spring-mass system
  - Motion of a simple pendulum
  - Natural vibration of a beam
- 11.3 Damped natural vibration
  - Damped natural vibration
- 11.4 Forced vibration
  - Forced natural vibration
  - Forced damped vibration
  - Resonance
- 11.5 Chapter summary
- 11.6 Review questions

## Part 3 Thermodynamics

### 12 Fundamentals

- 12.1 Density and pressure
  - Density and relative density
  - Pressure and pressure laws
  - Hydrostatic and atmospheric pressure
  - Measurement of pressure
- 12.2 Temperature, its measurement and thermal expansion
  - Temperature
  - Temperature measurement
  - Thermal expansion
- 12.3 Heat, specific heat and latent heat
  - Heat
  - Specific heat and thermal energy
  - Latent heat
- 12.4 Gases and the gas laws
  - Gases and gas pressures
  - The gas laws
  - The characteristic gas equation
- 12.5 Chapter summary
- 12.6 Review questions

### 13 Thermodynamic Systems

- 13.1 System definitions and properties
- 13.2 Closed and open systems
  - Closed systems
  - Open systems
- 13.3 Closed systems and the first law of thermodynamics
  - First law of thermodynamics applied to a closed system
  - Joules law and the NFEE
- 13.4 Open systems and the first law of thermodynamics
  - Open systems and the steady flow energy equation (SFEE)
  - Specific form of the SFEE
  - Specific enthalpy
- 13.5 Introduction to the second law of thermodynamics
  - The second law and the heat engine
- 13.6 Chapter summary
- 13.7 Review questions

### 14 Perfect Gas Processes

- 14.1 Reversibility and work
  - Reversibility

- Reversible displacement work
- 14.2 Perfect gas non-flow process
  - Constant volume process
  - Constant pressure process
  - Isothermal process
  - Reversible adiabatic process
  - Polytropic process
- 14.3 Introduction to gas mixtures
  - Dalton's law
  - Analysis of mixtures
- 14.4 Chapter summary
- 14.5 Review questions

## **15 Thermal Cycles**

- 15.1 Entropy
  - Introduction
  - Representing energy
  - Change in entropy
- 15.2 The Carnot cycle
- 15.3 The Otto cycle
  - Mean effective pressure
- 15.4 The Diesel cycle
  - Dual combustion cycle
- 15.5 Constant pressure cycle
- 15.6 Chapter summary
- 15.7 Review questions

## **16 Combustion Engines**

- 16.1 The reciprocating piston internal combustion engine working cycle
  - The practical four-stroke cycle
- 16.2 Internal combustion engine performance indicators
  - Indicated power
  - Brake power
  - Engine efficiencies and specific fuel consumption
  - Engine thermal efficiencies
- 16.3 The gas turbine engine
  - Introduction
  - Isentropic efficiency and the real cycle
- 16.4 Aircraft propulsion
  - Introduction
  - Propulsion efficiencies
- 16.5 The aircraft turbojet engine cycles and component efficiencies
  - Stagnation enthalpy, temperature and pressure
  - The ideal aircraft turbojet cycle

The aircraft turbojet cycle component efficiencies

16.6 Chapter summary

16.7 Review questions

## **17 Introduction to Heat Transfer**

17.1 Introduction

17.2 Conduction

Definition

Fourier's law

Heat transfer by conduction through solid composite walls

17.3 Convection

Nature of convection

Heat transfer with convection through composite walls

Heat transfer through cylindrical walls

17.4 Radiation

Black and grey body radiation

The Stefan-Boltzmann law

17.5 Chapter summary

17.6 Review questions

## **18 Introduction to Fluid Mechanics**

18.1 Thrust force on immersed surfaces

Thrust forces on flat surfaces immersed vertically

Thrust forces on inclined flat surfaces

Pressures and forces on lock gates

Fluid pressure on a curved surface

18.2 Buoyancy

Buoyancy equation

Conditions for equilibrium of floating bodies

18.3 Momentum of a fluid

Impact of a fluid jet on stationary flat surfaces

Impact of a jet on stationary curved surface

Forces through a reducer

18.4 The Bernoulli equation

The equation of continuity

Bernoulli equation for incompressible flow

18.5 Application of Bernoulli to fluid flow measurement

The Venturi meter

The orifice meter

18.6 Fluid viscosity

The nature of viscosity

Variation of viscosity with temperature

Reynolds number, laminar and turbulent fluid flow

18.7 Friction losses in piped systems



- The general energy equation
- The Darcy equation and friction losses
- 18.8 Energy loss in plain bearings
  - Lubrication
  - Petroff method for estimating power loss
- 18.9 Chapter summary
- 18.10 Review questions

## Part 4 Electrostatics and electromagnetism

### 19 Electrostatics and capacitors

- 19.1 The nature of electric charge
- 19.2 Permittivity, electric flux density and field strength
  - Permittivity
  - Permittivity of free space
  - Relative permittivity
- 19.3 Force between charges
  - Coulombs Law
  - Electric fields
- 19.4 Capacitors
  - Capacitance
  - Multi-plate capacitors
- 19.5 Energy storage
- 19.6 Capacitors in series and parallel
- 19.7 Chapter summary
- 19.8 Review questions

### 20 Electromagnetism and inductors

- 20.1 The nature of magnetic flux
  - Magnetic field strength
- 20.2 Permeability and magnetic flux density
  - Permeability
  - Magnetic flux density
  - Permeability of free space
  - Relative permeability
- 20.3 Force between conductors
  - Ampere's Law
  - Magnetic fields
- 20.5 Energy storage
- 20.6 Inductors in series
- 20.7 Magnetic circuits and reluctance
- 20.8 Chapter summary
- 20.9 Review questions

## Part 5 Direct current

### 21 Current, voltage and resistance

- 21.1 The nature of electric current
- 21.2 Ohm's Law
- 21.3 Resistance and resistivity
  - Resistivity
- 21.4 Conductance and conductivity
  - Conductivity
- 21.5 Comparison of electric and magnetic circuits
- 21.6 Temperature coefficient of resistance
- 21.7 Internal resistance
- 21.8 Power, work and energy
- 21.9 Chapter summary
- 21.10 Review questions

### 22 Circuit theorems

- 22.1 Kirchhoff's Laws
  - Kirchhoff's Current Law
  - Kirchhoff's Voltage Law
- 22.2 Series and parallel circuits
  - Resistors in series
  - Resistors in parallel
- 22.3 The potential divider
- 22.4 The current divider
- 22.5 The constant voltage source
  - Thevenin's Theorem
- 22.6 The constant current source
  - Norton's Theorem
  - Thevenin's to Norton conversion
- 22.7 Superposition Theorem
- 22.8 Maximum power transfer theorem
- 22.9 Chapter summary
- 22.10 Review questions

## Part 6 Transients

### 23 Transients

- 23.1 Rate of change
  - Capacitors and changing voltage
  - Inductors and changing current
  - Capacitance and resistance in series
  - Inductance and resistance in series
- 23.2 C-R circuits
  - Growth of voltage in a C-R circuit
  - Decay of voltage in a C-R circuit
  - Tabular method
- 23.3 L-R circuits
  - Growth of current in an L-R circuit
  - Decay of current in an L-R circuit
  - Tabular method
- 23.4 Chapter summary
- 23.5 Review questions

### 24 Transients in first and second order systems

- 24.1 First and second order systems
- 24.2 Laplace transformation
- 24.3 Chapter summary
- 24.4 Review questions

## Part 7 Alternating current

### 25 AC principles

#### 25.1 Alternating voltage and current

Waveforms

Frequency

Periodic time

Average, peak, peak-peak and r.m.s. values

Phase angle

Alternating current in a pure resistor

#### 25.2 Reactance

Capacitive reactance

Inductive reactance

Variation of reactance with frequency

Alternating current in a capacitor

Alternating current in an inductor

#### 25.3 Impedance

Resistance and capacitance in series

Resistance and inductance in series

Resistance, capacitance and inductance in series

#### 25.4 Chapter summary

#### 25.5 Review questions

### 26 Complex impedance and admittance

#### 26.1 Complex notation

The j-operator

The Argand diagram

#### 26.2 Complex impedance

Resistance and capacitance in series

Resistance and inductance in series

Resistance, capacitance and inductance in series

#### 26.3 Complex admittance

Resistance and capacitance in parallel

Resistance and inductance in parallel

Alternating current in an inductor

#### 26.4 Chapter summary

#### 26.5 Review questions

## **27 Resonant circuits**

- 27.1 Series resonant circuits
  - Series resonance
  - Resonant frequency
- 27.2 Parallel resonance
- 27.3 Q-factor and bandwidth
  - Bandwidth
  - Loading and damping
- 27.4 Using complex notation to analyse resonant circuits
- 27.5 Chapter summary
- 27.6 Review questions
  - Short answer questions
  - Long answer questions

## **28 Coupled magnetic circuits**

- 28.1 Mutual inductance
  - Coefficient of coupling
- 28.2 Coupled circuits
  - Series connection of coupled coils
  - Dot notation
- 28.3 Transformers
  - The transformer principle
  - E.m.f. equation for a transformer
- 28.4 Equivalent circuit of a transformer
  - Leakage flux
  - Winding resistance
  - Magnetising current
  - Core losses
- 28.5 Transformer regulation and efficiency
  - Power factor
- 28.6 Transformer matching
- 28.7 Chapter summary
- 28.8 Review questions

## **29 Power and power factor in AC circuits**

- 29.1 Alternating voltage and current
  - Waveforms
  - Frequency
  - Periodic time
  - Average, peak, peak-peak and r.m.s. values
  - Alternating current in a pure resistor
- 29.2 Reactance
  - Capacitive reactance
  - Inductive reactance

Variation of reactance with frequency

Alternating current in a capacitor

Alternating current in an inductor

### 29.3 Impedance

Resistance and capacitance in series

Resistance and inductance in series

Resistance, capacitance and inductance in series

### 29.4 Chapter summary

### 29.5 Review questions

## **30 Complex waveforms**

### 30.1 Harmonics

The square wave

The triangular wave

Effect of harmonics on overall wave shape

Generation of unwanted harmonics

### 30.2 Fourier analysis

An alternative method

### 30.3 Chapter summary

### 30.4 Review questions

## **31 Power in a complex waveform**

### 31.1 RMS value of a waveform

### 31.2 Power factor for a complex waveform

### 31.4 Chapter summary

### 31.5 Review questions